118TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION **S**.

To direct the Secretary of Health and Human Services and the Secretary of Education to coordinate and distribute educational materials and resources regarding artificial intelligence and social media platform impact, and for other purposes.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. MARKEY introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_

## A BILL

- To direct the Secretary of Health and Human Services and the Secretary of Education to coordinate and distribute educational materials and resources regarding artificial intelligence and social media platform impact, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

## **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Social Media and AI
5 Resiliency Toolkits in Schools Act" or the "SMART in
6 Schools Act".

## 1 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

2 In this Act:

3	(1) ESEA DEFINITIONS.—The terms "elemen-
4	tary school", "evidence-based", "local educational
5	agency", "paraprofessional", "parent", "secondary
6	school", "specialized instructional support per-
7	sonnel", and "State educational agency" have the
8	meanings given the terms in section 8101 of the Ele-
9	mentary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20
10	U.S.C. 7801).
11	(2) BUREAU-FUNDED SCHOOL.—The term "Bu-
12	reau-funded school" has the meaning given the term
13	in section 1141 of the Education Amendments of
14	1978 (25 U.S.C. 2021).
15	(3) DEPARTMENTS.—The term "Departments"
16	means the Department of Education and the De-
17	partment of Health and Human Services.
18	(4) DIGITAL CITIZENSHIP.—The term "digital
19	citizenship" means the ability to—
20	(A) safely, responsibly, and ethically use
21	communication technologies and digital infor-
22	mation technology tools and platforms;
23	(B) create and share media content using
24	principles of social and civic responsibility and
25	with awareness of the legal and ethical issues
26	involved; and

1 (C) participate in the political, economic, 2 social, and cultural aspects of life related to 3 technology, communications, and the digital 4 world by consuming and creating digital con-5 tent, including media. 6 (5) DIGITAL RESILIENCE.—The term "digital 7 resilience" means the ability to recognize, manage, 8 and recover from online risks. 9 (6) EDUCATOR.—The term "educator" means 10 an early childhood educator, teacher, or paraprofes-11 sional, serving students. 12 (7) GENDER IDENTITY.—The term "gender 13 identity" means the gender-related identity, appear-14 ance, mannerism, or other gender-related char-15 acteristic of an individual, regardless of the des-16 ignated sex at birth of the individual. 17 (8) HEALTH CARE PROVIDER SERVING PEDI-18 ATRIC PATIENTS.—The term "health care provider 19 serving pediatric patients" means a health care pro-20 vider who serves children, including a family medi-21 cine physician, pediatrician, child and adolescent psychiatrist, mental health provider, or behavioral 22 23 health provider. 24 (9) LABOR ORGANIZATION.—The term "labor 25 organization" has the meaning given the term in

1	section 2 of the National Labor Relations Act $(29)$
2	U.S.C. 152).
3	(10) School or educational agency admin-
4	ISTRATOR.—
5	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "school or
6	educational agency administrator" means an in-
7	dividual who is a principal, other school leader,
8	superintendent, or other employee or officer of
9	an elementary school or secondary school, local
10	educational agency, State educational agency,
11	or other entity operating an elementary school
12	or secondary school.
13	(B) EXCEPTION.—The term "school or
14	educational agency administrator" does not in-
15	clude an individual solely due to the individual's
16	service as a member of a public board of edu-
17	cation or other public authority legally con-
18	stituted within a State for either administrative
19	control or direction of, or to perform a service
20	function for, public elementary schools or sec-
21	ondary schools.
22	(11) Secretaries.—The term "Secretaries"
23	means the Secretary of Health and Human Services
24	and the Secretary of Education, acting jointly or
25	acting jointly through their designees.

1	(12) SEXUAL ORIENTATION.—The term "sexual
2	orientation" means how a person identifies in terms
3	of their emotional, romantic, or sexual attraction,
4	and includes identification as straight, heterosexual,
5	gay, lesbian, or bisexual, among other terms.
6	(13) STUDENT.—The term "student" means a
7	student in any of grades kindergarten through grade
8	12.
9	(14) TOOLKIT.—The term "toolkit" means a
10	collection of materials and resources to inform re-
11	sponsible use of artificial intelligence and social
12	media platforms.
13	(15) TRIBAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY.—The
14	term "Tribal educational agency" has the meaning
15	given the term (without regard to capitalization) in
16	section 6132(b) of the Elementary and Secondary
17	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7452).
18	SEC. 3. JOINT DEVELOPMENT OF EDUCATIONAL TOOLKIT
19	ON ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND SOCIAL
20	MEDIA PLATFORM IMPACT, RESPONSIBLE
21	USES OF THESE TECHNOLOGIES, AND THE
22	IMPACT ON YOUTH MENTAL HEALTH.
23	(a) Development of Toolkits.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Beginning not later than 1
 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the
 Secretaries shall—

4 (A) develop, and update on a biennial
5 basis, including with reference to any existing
6 resources, toolkits to facilitate greater aware7 ness of, and ability to respond to, the impact of
8 artificial intelligence and social media platforms
9 on students, in accordance with subsections (b)
10 through (d); and

(B) not less frequently than once a year,
disseminate such toolkits to school or educational agency administrators, educators, specialized instructional support personnel, health
care providers serving pediatric patients, students, parents, guardians, and caregivers in accordance with subsection (e).

(2) CONSULTATION AND CONSIDERATIONS.—In
developing the educational materials and resources
described in paragraph (1), the Secretaries shall—

21 (A) consult with—

(i) students, parents, guardians, andcaregivers;

24 (ii) relevant subject-matter experts;

1	(iii) labor organizations representing
2	educators, health care providers serving pe-
3	diatric patients, and specialized instruc-
4	tional support personnel;
5	(iv) professional organizations rep-
6	resenting educators, health care providers
7	serving pediatric patients, and specialized
8	instructional support personnel;
9	(v) health care providers serving pedi-
10	atric patients;
11	(vi) specialized instructional support
12	personnel and educators;
13	(vii) youth-serving or community-
14	based youth-oriented organizations; and
15	(viii) school or educational agency ad-
16	ministrators; and
17	(B) consider evidence-based recommenda-
18	tions from other groups as determined nec-
19	essary by the Secretaries.
20	(b) TOOLKITS AUDIENCES.—In order to carry out
21	subsection (a), the Secretaries shall create different tool-
22	kits tailored for each of the following audiences:
23	(1) Students.
24	(2) Educators.
25	(3) Specialized instructional support personnel.

1	(4) Health care providers serving pediatric pa-
2	tients.
3	(5) Parents, guardians, and caregivers.
4	(6) School or educational agency administra-
5	tors.
6	(7) Additional audiences, as the Secretaries de-
7	termine necessary.
8	(c) TENETS FOR EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES.—The
9	information provided in the toolkits described in sub-
10	section (a) shall be—
11	(1) in an easily accessible and understandable
12	format;
13	(2) evidence-based; and
14	(3) culturally appropriate and in a manner that
15	is inclusive of race, ethnicity, language spoken, dis-
16	ability, geographic location, gender identity, and sex-
17	ual orientation.
18	(d) Contents of Educational Resources.—
19	(1) IN GENERAL.—The toolkits described in
20	subsection (a) shall be designed to—
21	(A) strengthen digital resilience and im-
22	prove the ability to recognize, manage, recover
23	from, and avoid perpetuating online risks (such
24	as harassment, excessive use, discrimination,
25	and other impacts to mental health) with re-

1	spect to youth mental health concerns due to
2	artificial intelligence and social media platform
3	use;
4	(B) provide information and instruction re-
5	garding healthy and responsible use cases of ar-
6	tificial intelligence and social media platform
7	technologies and examples of responsible and
8	healthy use of such technologies; and
9	(C) provide evidence-based education to the
10	relevant audience regarding—
11	(i) artificial intelligence and social
12	media platform education, including pri-
13	vacy concerns;
14	(ii) the mental health implications and
15	risk factors of excessive, irresponsible,
16	maladaptive, or otherwise unhealthy use
17	for students; and
18	(iii) methods that the audience can
19	use to seek help for a student with respect
20	to excessive, irresponsible, maladaptive, or
21	otherwise unhealthy artificial intelligence
22	or social media platform use.
23	(2) GROUP-SPECIFIC CONTENT REQUIRE-
24	MENTS.—The toolkits described in subsection (a) for

1	each audience described in subsection (b) shall meet
2	the following requirements:
3	(A) STUDENTS.—Such toolkits for stu-
4	dents shall—
5	(i) provide accessible explanations, dif-
6	ferentiated for various grade-levels, for
7	how artificial intelligence and social media
8	platforms function;
9	(ii) provide skills to identify genera-
10	tive artificial intelligence and the use of
11	such technologies in "human-like" or
12	"companion" chatbots, and information on
13	how to interact with such artificial intel-
14	ligence responsibly;
15	(iii) inform students of indicators that
16	the students are interacting with artificial
17	intelligence and algorithms while using the
18	internet and social media platform applica-
19	tions, including, as age appropriate—
20	(I) information about attention-
21	diverting and disguised algorithmic
22	techniques like dark patterns; and
23	(II) information regarding, and
24	examples of, the effects of bad train-
25	ing or incomplete datasets on perpet-

uating existing inequities, including
incorrect and negative outputs of arti-
ficial intelligence such as halluci-
nations, deep fakes, and false infor-
mation;
(iv) inform students of their rights on-
line, both on social media platform applica-
tions and with regard to artificial intel-
ligence;
(v) teach digital resilience;
(vi) teach digital citizenship and the
skills necessary to reduce online risks from
the user end;
(vii) teach students to recognize exces-
sive, irresponsible, maladaptive, or other-
sive, irresponsible, maladaptive, or other- wise unhealthy use of social media plat-
wise unhealthy use of social media plat-
wise unhealthy use of social media plat- forms and how to initiate a conversation
wise unhealthy use of social media plat- forms and how to initiate a conversation about such use or how to seek help from
wise unhealthy use of social media plat- forms and how to initiate a conversation about such use or how to seek help from an adult; and
wise unhealthy use of social media plat- forms and how to initiate a conversation about such use or how to seek help from an adult; and (viii) provide information on unique
wise unhealthy use of social media plat- forms and how to initiate a conversation about such use or how to seek help from an adult; and (viii) provide information on unique impacts for students based on race, lan-

1	(B) EDUCATORS.—Such materials and re-
2	sources for educators shall—
3	(i) define and provide an appropriate
4	knowledge base of artificial intelligence
5	systems and social media platforms, in-
6	cluding information regarding contexts and
7	instances where technologies and functions
8	that rely on artificial intelligence are in
9	use;
10	(ii) provide additional, specific infor-
11	mation on—
12	(I) the ways in which students
13	are uniquely vulnerable to generative
14	artificial intelligence and "human-
15	like" or "companion" chatbots and
16	other high-risk applications of artifi-
17	cial intelligence;
18	(II) specific risks for different
19	age groups of students; and
20	(III) data privacy and manage-
21	ment, including technologies that rely
22	on artificial intelligence to—
23	(aa) surveil students;

1	(bb) track students' aca-
2	demic outcomes and engagement;
3	and
4	(cc) monitor students' online
5	activities;
6	(iii) provide information on the bene-
7	fits of responsible use and strategies to en-
8	courage responsible use of artificial intel-
9	ligence and social media platforms, includ-
10	ing practical examples of how to teach and
11	engage students to understand responsible
12	use which may include professional devel-
13	opment and training opportunities in addi-
14	tion to the information provided in the
15	toolkit;
16	(iv) provide information on the ways
17	in which artificial intelligence and social
18	media platform use outside of the class-
19	room impacts student academic achieve-
20	ment, well-being, and mental health, and
21	school climate;
22	(v) inform how to recognize excessive,
23	irresponsible, maladaptive, or otherwise
24	unhealthy use of social media platforms in
25	the educator's age group of students;

1	(vi) provide information on available
2	resources educators can inform a student
3	of if the educator identifies—
4	(I) excessive, irresponsible,
5	maladaptive, or otherwise unhealthy
6	artificial intelligence and social media
7	platform use or content; or
8	(II) the use of these technologies
9	impacting mental health;
10	(vii) engagement strategies with par-
11	ents, guardians, and caregivers to address
12	excessive, irresponsible, maladaptive, or
13	otherwise unhealthy artificial intelligence
14	and social media platform use; and
15	(viii) provide information on unique
16	impacts for students based on race, lan-
17	guage spoken, disability, geographic loca-
18	tion, gender identity, or sexual orientation,
19	including providing guidance for educators
20	on how to present this information to stu-
21	dents.
22	(C) Specialized instructional sup-
23	PORT PERSONNEL.—Such materials and re-
24	sources for specialized instructional support
25	personnel shall meet the requirements for edu-

1	cators under subparagraph (B) and also in-
2	clude—
3	(i) clinically relevant information on
4	the mental health impacts of excessive, ir-
5	responsible, maladaptive, or otherwise
6	unhealthy artificial intelligence and social
7	media platform use;
8	(ii) more information on available in-
9	school behavioral health or school resources
10	that can be employed to assist in the pre-
11	vention and early intervention of mental
12	health concerns related to artificial intel-
13	ligence and social media platform use;
14	(iii) guidance regarding appropriate
15	and inappropriate use of artificial intel-
16	ligence and social media platforms within
17	schools;
18	(iv) more information on how to have
19	discussions and engage with parents,
20	guardians, and caregivers to promote re-
20	
21	sponsible use of artificial intelligence and
	sponsible use of artificial intelligence and social media platforms and to address con-
21	•
21 22	social media platforms and to address con-

1	excessive, irresponsible, maladaptive, or
2	otherwise unhealthy use;
3	(v) information on how to find and
4	connect students to behavioral health re-
5	sources available within the school and the
6	community; and
7	(vi) specific information on commu-
8	nicating with parents, guardians, and care-
9	givers about behavioral health services pro-
10	vided in the school day, including on ob-
11	taining parental consent for therapeutic
12	services.
13	(D) School or educational agency
14	ADMINISTRATORS.—Such toolkits for school or
15	educational agency administrators shall in-
16	clude—
17	(i) definitions and an appropriate
18	knowledge base of artificial intelligence
19	systems and social media platforms, in-
20	cluding specific information on generative
21	artificial intelligence and "human-like" or
22	"companion" chatbots;
23	(ii) a primer on the ways in which ar-
24	tificial intelligence and social media plat-
25	form use outside of the classroom impact

1	student academic performance, well-being,
2	mental health, and school climate;
3	(iii) information on how to coordinate
4	artificial intelligence and social media plat-
5	form training for school staff and ideas for
6	incorporating artificial intelligence and so-
7	cial media platform education into broader
8	educational goals;
9	(iv) information on responsible stu-
10	dent data privacy and management, includ-
11	ing technologies that rely on artificial intel-
12	ligence to surveil students and such tech-
13	nologies mental health impacts on stu-
14	dents;
15	(v) information on unique impacts for
16	students based on race, language spoken,
17	disability, geographic location, gender iden-
18	tity, and sexual orientation;
19	(vi) guidance on—
20	(I) developing policies for a
21	school, local educational agency, or
22	State educational agency regarding
23	how students and staff engage with
24	artificial intelligence and social media
25	platforms; and

1	(II) incorporating student, par-
2	ent, guardian, caregiver, and educator
3	input in those policies; and
4	(vii) guidance on—
5	(I) information to provide to spe-
6	cialized instructional support per-
7	sonnel, educators, parents, guardians,
8	caregivers, and students regarding be-
9	havioral health resources available
10	within the school and community; and
11	(II) how to ensure that such in-
12	formation is easily accessible, action-
13	able, and publicly available
14	(E) Health care providers who serve
15	PEDIATRIC PATIENTS.—Such materials and re-
16	sources for health care professionals who serve
17	pediatric patients shall include—
18	(i) definitions and an appropriate
19	knowledge base of artificial intelligence
20	systems and social media platforms, in-
21	cluding specific information on generative
22	artificial intelligence and "human-like" or
23	"companion" chatbots;
24	(ii) developmentally appropriate exam-
25	ples of appropriate and conductive use of,

	10
1	and relationships with, artificial intel-
2	ligence and social media platforms;
3	(iii) information on how to recognize
4	excessive, irresponsible, maladaptive, or
5	otherwise unhealthy use of social media
6	platforms in their pediatric patients
7	through conversations with their patients
8	and their patients' parents, guardians, and
9	caregivers, including—
10	(I) examples and explanations re-
11	garding how to begin and navigate
12	those conversations; and
13	(II) information on how to en-
14	gage in a developmentally appropriate
15	way with pediatric patients, parents,
16	guardians, and caregivers about artifi-
17	cial intelligence and social media plat-
18	forms and how to perform mental
19	health screenings during routine vis-
20	its; and
21	(iv) information on how to treat or
22	refer to treatment pediatric patients diag-
23	nosed with mental health issues related to
24	or exacerbated by artificial intelligence and
25	social media platforms;

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1	(v) information on unique impacts for
2	pediatric patients based on race, language
3	spoken, disability, geographic location, gen-
4	der identity, and sexual orientation.
5	(F) PARENTS, GUARDIANS, AND CARE-
6	GIVERS.—Such toolkits for parents, guardians,
7	and caregivers shall include—
8	(i) definitions and an appropriate
9	knowledge base of artificial intelligence
10	systems and social media platforms, in-
11	cluding specific information on generative
12	artificial intelligence and "human-like" or
13	"companion" chatbots;
14	(ii) information on what responsible
15	use of artificial intelligence and social
16	media platforms by students looks like at
17	different developmental stages;
18	(iii) information regarding how to rec-
19	ognize excessive, irresponsible,
20	maladaptive, or otherwise unhealthy use of
21	social media platforms;
22	(iv) recommendations on initiating
23	and facilitating a conversation about exces-
24	sive, irresponsible, maladaptive, or other-

1	wise unhealthy artificial intelligence or so-
2	cial media platform use;
3	(v) available resources for parents,
4	guardians, and caregivers who need further
5	assistance, including individuals or organi-
6	zations that may be of service;
7	(vi) a description of how to work with
8	educators and health care professionals
9	who serve pediatric patients to address ex-
10	cessive, irresponsible, maladaptive, or oth-
11	erwise unhealthy artificial intelligence and
12	social media platform use; and
13	(vii) information on unique impacts
14	for students based on race, language spo-
15	ken, disability, geographic location, gender
16	identity, and sexual orientation.
17	(e) DISSEMINATION.—The Secretaries shall create a
18	communications strategy and dissemination plan to dis-
19	seminate the toolkits containing the educational materials
20	and resources required under subsection (a) to all of the
21	audiences described in subsection (b) through the path-
22	ways necessary to reach the audiences, which may in-
23	clude—
24	(1) local educational agencies;
25	(2) schools or education centers;

1	(3) Bureau-funded schools;
2	(4) State educational agencies;
3	(5) Tribal, State, or local health departments;
4	(6) after-school programs;
5	(7) labor organizations, and professional organi-
6	zations, representing educators, health care pro-
7	viders serving pediatric patients, specialized instruc-
8	tional support personnel, and other groups as deter-
9	mined necessary by the Secretary;
10	(8) the foster care system for youth living in
11	congregate care, to provide education to individuals
12	working with foster youth;
13	(9) carceral settings supporting juvenile offend-
14	ers;
15	(10) Federally qualified health centers and cer-
16	tified community behavioral health clinics, as de-
17	scribed in section 223 of the Protecting Access to
18	Medicare Act of 2014 (42 U.S.C. 1396a note) and
19	rural health centers;
20	(11) hospitals; and
21	(12) other entities as determined necessary by
22	the Secretaries.
23	(f) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is
24	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
25	\$2,000,000.